

International Association for Health and Preservation of Shepherd Dogs {ISA}

Different types of registration explained

All ISA-registered dogs are registered in our studbook. They also receive a pedigree passport which holds the pedigree, the breeding license and their working book. We use different types of registration that are explained in this document.

1. Full

Full registration is of a dog with at least 4 generations of know origin of the same breed, AND of which parentage has been confirmed by DNA testing. There are no limitations for this type of registration.

2. Foundation

Foundation registration will be given to dogs that are foundation, first, second, third generation after a foundation dog, AND of which parentage has been confirmed by DNA testing.

A first generation will be given to a dog that is brought into the breed being a dog of unknown origin, or for the offspring of an outcross litter. These dogs are referred to as foundation animals. The registration number of this foundation generation will start with **F0**.

The first generation is the generation coming after the **F0** generation and will be marked with **F1**.

The second generation that comes after **F0** will be marked with **F2**.

The third generation that comes after **F0** will be marked with **F3**.

The fourth generation that comes after **F0** will no longer have the **F mark** and are now registered **FULL**. There are no limitations for this type of registration.

3. Limited

Limited registration is given to a dog of which parentage was not confirmed at the time of registration OR, if the breeder specifically chooses limited registration in addition to Full or Foundation registration. These dogs can compete in show and work trials but no offspring of them can be registered.